357 need

When *need* is followed by another verb, it can have the forms either of an ordinary verb or (in British English) of a modal auxiliary verb.

1 ordinary verb

Need most often has the same forms as ordinary verbs: the third person singular has -s, and questions and negatives are made with *do. Need* is usually followed by an infinitive with *to*.

Everybody **needs to rest** sometimes.

Do we need to reserve seats on the train?

2 modal auxiliary verb

In British English, *need* can also have the same present-tense forms as modal auxiliary verbs: the third person singular has no -s, and questions and negatives are made without *do*. In this case, *need* is normally followed by an infinitive without *to*.

We needn't reserve seats – there'll be plenty of room.

These modal forms are used mainly in negative sentences, but they are also possible in questions, after *if*, and in other 'non-assertive' structures (see 374).

You needn't fill in a form. Need I fill in a form?

I wonder **if I need fill in** a form. This is the **only** form you **need fill in**. (BUT NOT +You need fill in a form:)

Modal forms of *need* normally refer to immediate necessity. They are often used to ask for or give permission – usually permission not to do something. Modal verb forms are not used to talk about habitual, general necessity. Compare:

It's OK - You needn't pay for that phone call.

(OR ... You don't need to pay for that phone call.)

You don't need to pay for emergency calls in most countries.

(NOT You needn't pay . . . in most countries.)

Modal forms of *need* are rare in American English.

3 talking about the future

Present tense forms of *need* are used when making decisions about the future.

Need I come in tomorrow? Tell her she doesn't need to work tonight.

Will need to ... can be used to talk about future obligation, and give advice for the future. It can make orders and instructions sound less direct.

We'**ll need to repair** the roof next year.

You'll need to start work soon if you want to pass your exams.

You'll need to fill in this form before you see the Inspector.

For similar uses of have to, see 243.3.

4 need...ing

After *need* an *-ing* form can be used in British English, with the same meaning as a passive infinitive.

That sofa **needs cleaning** again. (= . . . needs to be cleaned . . .)

A structure with **object** $+ \dots ing$ is also possible in some cases.

You need your head examining. (OR . . . examined.)